

### Phase 1 – Maximum Protection Phase (0-2 weeks)

Immobilization/Weight Bearing/ROM

### **Goals for Phase 1**

• Protect integrity of injury

Minimize effusion

- Immobilization in brace
- •NWB with assistive device

#### Brace

- •Plaster cast or walking orthosis with ankle plantar flexed to about 20° to reduce gap **Strengthening** 
  - •Quadriceps, glut, and hamstring setting
  - •OKC hip strengthening

### Modalities

- •Vasopneumatic compression for edema management 2-3x/week (15-20 min)
- •Cryotherapy at home, 3 x per day for 20 minutes each with ankle elevated above heart

### Precautions

•No ankle PROM/AROM



### Phase 2 - Passive/Active Range of Motion Phase (2-6 weeks)

### **Goals for Phase 2**

- Immobilization/Weight Bearing
- Protect integrity of injury
- Minimize effusion
- Progress ROM per guidelines
- •Progress weight bearing in walking boot
- Protected weight bearing progression
  - •2-3 weeks: 25%
  - •3-4 weeks: 50%
  - •4-5 weeks: 75%
  - •5-6 weeks: 100%

### **Range of Motion**

- •Active PF and DF range of motion exercises to neutral DF
- •Inversion and eversion below neutral DF

#### Brace

•Walking boot with 2-4 cm heel lift

### **Manual Therapy**

Joint mobilizations to ankle and foot (Grade I-III)

### Strengthening

- •Active PF and DF to neutral DF
- •Initiate limited ankle and foot strengthening when able to tolerate ankle AROM (towel crunches, marble pick-ups, PF/DF light band strengthening (DF to neutral, etc.)
- •Sub-maximal ankle inversion and eversion strengthening
- •Knee/hip exercises with no ankle involvement e.g. leg lifts from sitting, prone, or side-lying
- •Core strengthening
- •NWB fitness/cardio e.g. bike with one leg, UBE, deep water running (usually started 3-4 weeks)

### Aquatics

•Hydrotherapy within motion and weight bearing restrictions

### **Modalities**

- •Compression garment for effusion control
- •Modalities to control swelling (US, IFC with ice, Game Ready)
- •NMES to gastroc/soleus complex with seated heal raises when tolerated
- •Do not go past neutral ankle DF position

### Precautions

- •Emphasize on using pain as a guideline for progression of exercises and walking progression
- •Emphasis on NWB cardio as tolerated
- DF ROM to neutral



## Phase 3 – Progressive Stretching and Early Strengthening (6-8 weeks)

### **Goals for Phase 3**

### **Immobilization/Weight Bearing**

- ROM per guidelines
- •FWB in boot, reducing heel lift to neutral
- •Gentle strengthening of ankle
- Progress cardio endurance

### InitioDifization/ Weight Bea

WBAT, typically 100% in walking boot

### **Range of Motion**

Controlled active assistive DF stretching

#### Brace

•Remove heel lift, 1 section every 2-3 days

### Manual Therapy

• Joint mobilizations ankle and foot (Grades I-IV)

### Strengthening

- •Stationary bike in CAM boot
- •AAROM DF stretching, progressing to belt in sitting as tolerated

#### Progress resisted exercises from open to closed chain; Do not go past neutral DF with weight bearing activities

- Resisted thera-band
- •Gait training in boot
- •Core strengthening

### Aquatics

Hydrotherapy

### Modalities

- •EMS on calf with strengthening exercises, **Do not go past neutral DF**
- •Cryotherapy, Game Ready to control inflammation

### Precautions

- •Do not go past neutral ankle position with weight bearing position
- •Ambulation in CAM boot
- •Gradual progression into DF open chain
- No impact actvities



## Phase 4 – Terminal Stretching and Progressive Strengthening (8-12 weeks)

### **Goals for Phase 4**

### Immobilization/Weight Bearing

- •WBAT in ankle brace per surgeon recommendation
- Dispense heel wedge as needed

### **Range of Motion**

Progress to full range in all planes

### Strengthening

### •8-10 weeks

- o Progress resistance on stationary bike
- $\circ \quad \text{Gentle calf stretches in standing} \\$
- Normalize gait
- Continue multi-plane ankle stretching
- o Progress multi-plane ankle strengthening with Thera-band
- o Seated heel raise
- Seated BAPS/rocker board

### •10-12 weeks

- o Gradually introduce elliptical and treadmill walking
- Progress to double heel raise on leg press to standing. Do not allow ankle to go past neutral DF and no more than 50% of pt's body weight.
- Supported standing BAPS/rocker board

### Neuromuscular Control

- •8-10 weeks: Begin proprioceptive training progressing to unilateral
- •10-12 weeks: Progress proprioceptive training

### Modalities

•Cryotherapy, Game Ready to control inflammation

#### Precautions

•Highest risk of re-rupture

•Protect integrity of Achilles due to highest risk of re-

•Wean out of boot over 2-5

•Gradually wean of assistive

rupture

days

device

Normalize gait

- •Avoid any sudden loading of the Achilles (ie tripping, step-up stairs, running, jumping, hopping, etc.)
- No eccentric lowering of plantar flexors past neutral
- No resisted plantar flexion exercises which requires more than 50% of pt's body weight
- •Avoid activities that require extreme DF motions



### Phase 5 – Progressive Strengthening (3-5 months)

### **Goals for Phase 5**

Return to function

#### Brace

Wean out of ankle brace and heel lift

### Strengthening

- •Increase intensity of cardiovascular program
- •Cycling outdoors
- Progress to double heel raise to single heel raise to 50% body weight to eccentric strengthening as tolerated
- •Continue to progress intensity of resistive exercises progressing to functional activities (single leg squats, step-up progressions, multi-directional lunges)
- •Begin multi-directional resisted cord program (side stepping, forward, backward, grapevine)
- Initiate impact activities
  - o 12+ weeks: sub-maximal bodyweight (pool, GTS, plyo-press)
  - o 15-16 weeks: maximal body weight as tolerated
- •Core strengthening

### Aquatics

•Initiate pool running around 15-16 weeks

### Neuromuscular Control

•Advanced proprioception on un-stable surfaces with perturbations and/or dual tasks

### Modalities

•Cryotherapy/Game Ready as needed

### Precautions

- High risk of re-rupture
- •No running, hopping
- Avoid extreme DF activities



## Phase 6 – Terminal Stretching and Progressive Strengthening (5-8 months)

Progressive running,

function/work/sport

hopping

Return to

### Strengthening

### •5-6 months

- Initiate running on flat ground
- Progress proprioception
- Sport-specific rehab
- Progress eccentric PF strengthening

#### •6-8 months

- Initiate hill running
- o Initiate hopping and progress to long horizontal and vertical hops
- Return to sport testing per physician approval
  - Criteria: pain-free, full ROM, minimal joint effusion, 5/5 MMT strength, jump/hop testing at 90% compared to uninvolved, adequate ankle control with sport and/or work specific tasks

### Precautions

•Only progress back to sport/activity as tolerated, and if cleared by "Return to Sport Test" and physician

This protocol was updated and reviewed by Dr. Devries and Dr. Scharer of BayCare Foot & Ankle Center and by Jessica Sigl, DPT on 1/18/16



# **Resources:**

- 1) Accelerated Rehabilitation Program for Non-operative Treatment of Achilles Tendon Ruptures
- 2) Willits K, Amendola, A, Bryant D, Mohtadi NG, Griffin JR, Fowler P, Kean CO, Kirkley A. Operative versus non-operative treatment of acute Achilles tendon ruptures: a multi-center randomized trial using accelerated functional rehabilitation. *J Bone Joint Surg Am.* 2010 Dec 1; 92(17): 276-75.
- *3)* Hutchison AM, Topliss C, Beard D, Evans RM, and Williams P. The treatment of a rupture of the Achilles tendon using a dedicated management programme. *Bone Joint J.* 2015; 97-B: 510-15.