

Dr Schock Achilles Tendon Repair Protocol

Phase 1- Maximum Protective Phase (0-2 weeks post-op)

Goals for Phase 1

- Protect integrity of repair
- Minimize effusion
- •ROM per guidelines listed

Immobilization/Weight Bearing/ROM

- •No ankle PROM/AROM
- •Immobilization in post-op splint at all times
- •Non-weight bearing for 2 weeks

Brace

•0-6 weeks: Walking boot to be worn at all times, including while sleeping

Precautions

neutral in the boot.

- ◆No ankle PROM/AROM
- Non-weight bearing for 2 weeks

Manual Therapy

•Manual soft tissue techniques for lower extremity musculature

Strengthening

- •Quadriceps, glute, and hamstring setting
- •Hip strengthening
- •0-2 weeks: Multi-plane OKC SLR, etc.

***At the first post-op visit the doctor's office will place heel wedges in the walking boot. They are to be removed one per week until foot is

Modalities

 Vasopneumatic compression for edema management 2-3x/week (15-20 min)

Cryotherapy at home, 3 x per day for 20 minutes each with ankle elevated above heart



Phase 2 – Passive/Active Range of Motion Phase (2-6 weeks)

Goals for Phase 2

- Begin Physical Therapy
- Protect integrity of repair
- Minimize effusion
- •ROM per guidelines listed
- Scar tissue mobility
- •Full WB in boot

Precautions

- •No kicking in pool for 10 weeks
- Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 12 weeks
- Avoidance of impact activity for 12 weeks

Immobilization/Weight Bearing

- •Slow progression back to full weight bearing in boot, with body weight percentage increasing by 25% every 3-4 days if patient has controlled pain and controlled effusion. Goal of full WB at 4-6 weeks.
- NWB when not wearing walking boot (bathing, changing attire, etc.)
- PWB with supervision at therapy and while wearing soft ankle brace

Range of Motion

- •2-4 weeks: DF limited to 0° AROM; PF PROM only, not limited
- •4-6 weeks: Begin PF AROM to 5° with knee straight, 10° with knee flexed

Brace

 •0-6 weeks: Walking boot to be worn at all times, including while sleeping

Manual Therapy

- •Scar massage using STM, IASTM when incisions closed
- •Manual soft tissue techniques for lower extremity musculature
- Joint mobilization to talocrural joint (Grades I-III)

Strengthening

- •2-4 weeks: PROM ankle PF, AROM ankle DF to 0°
- •4-6 weeks: Begin PF AROM to 5° with knee straight, 10° with knee flexed
- Sub-maximal isometrics inversion and eversion
- Stationary bike in boot
- •Limited ankle and foot strengthening (towel crunches, marble pick-ups, DF/PF light band strengthening, etc.)
- •Lower Extremity Strengthening Program (in boot)
- Hip strengthening (continue OKC hip strengthening)
- •Quad strengthening (quad sets, leg-press, wall squats, etc.)
- •Hamstring strengthening (prone hamstring curls, physio-ball curls, etc.)
- •Initiate core strengthening

Aquatics

- •Initiate aquatic therapy program when incisions are closed Modalities
 - Vasopneumatic compression for edema management 2-3x/week (15-20 min)

Cryotherapy at home, 3 x per day for 20 minutes each with ankle elevated above heart



Phase 3 – Progressive Stretching and Early Strengthening (6-8 weeks)

Goals for Phase 3

- Protect integrity of repair
- •ROM per guidelines listed
- •FWB in boot
- •Strengthening of ankle/calf musculature

Precautions

- •No kicking in pool for 10 weeks
- Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 12 weeks
- •Avoidance of impact activity for 12 weeks

Range of Motion

- •DF AROM: limit to 10° with knee straight and 20° with knee flexed
- •PF PROM: unlimited, initiate isometrics

Brace

•6-8 weeks: Reduce one heel wedge from boot per week from weeks 6 to 8

Manual Therapy

- •Restore flexibility hamstrings, quadriceps
- •Begin light terminal stretching of gastroc/soleus in non-weight bearing by week 8
- Joint mobilization to talocrural joint (Grade I-IV)

Strengthening

- •Stationary bike in boot
- •Initiate resisted dorsiflexion, inversion, and eversion strengthening
- Begin plantarflexion isometrics
- •Lower extremity strengthening (in boot)
- •Core strengthening

Neuromuscular Control

• Advanced proprioception on un-stable surfaces with perturbations and/or dual tasking, add sport specific balance tasks as able

Modalities

 $\bullet \textbf{Cryotherapy after activity} \\$



Phase 4 – Terminal Stretching and Progressive Strengthening (8-12 weeks)

Goals for Phase 4

- Gradually wean out of boot over a 7-10 day period
- Normalize gait

Precautions

- •No kicking in pool for 10 weeks
- Avoid twisting and pivoting motions for 12 weeks
- Avoidance of impact activity for 12 weeks

Brace

 Use a heel wedge in a tennis shoe or a boot/shoe with a heel to ease transition

Strengthening

- •8-10 weeks
- Stationary bike
- •Initiate a light gastrocnemius/soleus stretch in a weight bearing position
- Continue with multi-plane ankle stretching
- Normalize gait
- Continue resisted NWB plantar flexion strengthening
- Begin bilateral heel raises off of the floor progressing to off of a step as tolerated
- Begin low velocity ROM movements (squat, step back, lunge)
- •Once out of boot may begin bilateral balance/stability exercises (balance board, ½ foam roller, dyna disc)
- •10-12 weeks
- Advance PF strengthening to unilateral as tolerated (single leg calf raises, single leg squats, step-up progression, multi-directional lunges)
- Initiate gastroc/soleus strengthening in gym (eccentric leg press)

Aquatics

- •10-12 weeks: Begin treadmill walking and/or elliptical with progression in intensity as tolerated
- •10 weeks: May begin kicking in pool

Neuromuscular Control

•8-10 weeks: Begin unilateral proprioceptive training

Modalities

Cryotherapy after activity



Phase 5 – Progressive Strengthening and Return to Function (3-6 months)

Goals for Phase 5

Return to function

Strengthening

- Continue to increase intensity with progressive resisted exercises
- •Increase intensity with Cardiovascular Program
- May begin cycling outdoors
- •Begin multi-directional resisted cord program (side stepping, forward, backward, carioca)
- Initiate impact activities
- •12+ weeks: initiation to impact exercise, sub-maximal bodyweight progressing to maximal (pool, GTS, plyopress, Alter G), sagittal plane jogging only
- •14+ weeks: multi-directional agility drills, cutting, pivoting, and plyometrics
- Continue unilateral gym strengthening program (single leg calf raises, single leg squats, eccentric leg press, step-up progression, multi-directional directional lunges)
- Core strengthening

Aquatics

 Begin pool running program progressing as tolerated to dry land running

Neuromuscular Control

 Advanced proprioception on un-stable surfaces with perturbations and/or dual tasking, add sport specific balance tasks as able

Modalities

Cryotherapy after activity

Return to Function Testing (6 months)

- •Follow-up examination with the physician for return to sport
- Return to function testing: per MD approval. Criteria: painfree, full ROM, minimal joint effusion, 5/5 MMT strength, jump/hop testing at 90% compared to uninvolved, adequate ankle control with sport and/or work specific tasks



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This protocol was reviewed and updated by Josh Holochwost DPT and Harold Schock, MD February 2018